## 8 WORDINESS

Wordiness is a trap all writers fall into occasionally. Your goal should always be to write as clearly and simply as possible, using no more words than you need to express yourself accurately. Certainly, you may add words to enhance meaning, but you should never add words to make an essay longer when you have nothing more substantial to say or in a mistaken effort to make yourself sound more sophisticated. Be especially alert to words with overlapping meaning (redundancy) or any phrase using several words where a shorter phrase will suffice.

## TO AVOID WORDINESS

1. Use the exact word instead of a wordy phrase.

Wordy: The letter was sent by someone who did not sign a name.

Concise: The letter was sent anonymously.

2. Avoid unnecessary it is or there is/are constructions.

Wordy: <u>It is often beneficial</u> for a cook to assemble all ingredients before beginning a recipe.

Concise: A cook should assemble all ingredients before beginning a recipe.

Wordy: There are many people who feel their vote does not count.

Concise: Many people feel their vote does not count.

3. Avoid redundant phrases (phrases that repeat ideas).

Wordy: The room, circular in shape, was unusual and architecturally exciting.

Concise: The circular room was unusual and architecturally exciting.

Wordy: The wolf's howl was audible to the ear for miles.

Concise: The wolf's howl was audible for miles.

Wordy: After you finish the soda, return the bottles back to the store.

Concise: After you finish the soda, return the bottle to the store.

Wordy: In my opinion, I believe that the death penalty is necessary.

Concise: I believe that the death penalty is necessary.

Or: The death penalty is necessary.

Note: Writers are often wordy when they are afraid of being too blunt. Say what you mean!

4. Avoid wordy or empty phrases.

Wordy: The picnic was canceled <u>in view of the fact</u> that it was raining.

Concise: The picnic was canceled <u>because</u> of rain. Wordy: I do not have that information <u>at this point</u> in time.

Concise: I do not have that information now.

Or: I don't know yet.

## PASSIVE VOICE:

Passive voice sentences are sentences in which the subject receives the action. Active voice sentences, in which the subject is performing the action, are usually stronger. Passive voice sentence tend to be either vague or wordy.

Passive: Randal's brain was eaten. (Vague. Who ate his brain?)

Passive: Randal's brain was eaten by zombies. (Wordy)

Active: Zombies ate Randal's brain. (Yum!)



## PHRASES TO AVOID

Wordy	Concise	Redundant	Concise
at this point in time	now	circled around	circled
the questions as to whether	whether	rectangular (or square, round, etc) in shape	omit "in shape"
he is a man who	he	final completion	completion
in the not too distant future	soon	past history	history
in spite of the fact that	although	free gift	gift
of the opinion that	think	few in number	few
for the simple reason that	because	both together	both
due to the fact that	because	exact same reasons	same reasons
owing to the fact that	because	join together	join
made contact with	met	large (or small) in size	large (small)
		pink in color	pink
		visible to the eye (audible to the ear)	visible (audible)
		proceed forward	proceed
		enter in	enter
		continue on	continue